



Ukraine: civilian casualty update

Date: 12 March 2022

From 4 a.m. on 24 February 2022, when the Russian Federation's armed attack against Ukraine started, to 24:00 midnight on 11 March 2022 (local time), the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) recorded 1,581 civilian casualties in the country: 579 killed and 1,002 injured. This included:

- a total of 579 killed (110 men, 75 women, 6 girls, and 9 boys, as well as 27 children and 352 adults whose sex is yet unknown)
- a total of 1,002 injured (85 men, 68 women, 14 girls, and 4 boys, as well as 36 children and 795 adults whose sex is yet unknown)
 - In Donetsk and Luhansk regions: 632 casualties (130 killed and 502 injured)
 - On Government-controlled territory: 490 casualties (105 killed and 385 injured)
 - On territory controlled by the self-proclaimed 'republics': 142 casualties (25 killed and 117 injured)
 - In other regions of Ukraine (the city of Kyiv, and Cherkasy, Chernihiv, Kharkiv, Kherson, Kyiv, Mykolaiv, Odesa, Sumy, Zaporizhzhia, Dnipropetrovsk and Zhytomyr regions), which were under Government control when casualties occurred: 949 casualties (449 killed and 500 injured)

Most of the civilian casualties recorded were caused by the use of explosive weapons with a wide impact area, including shelling from heavy artillery and multi-launch rocket systems, and missile and air strikes.

OHCHR believes that the actual figures are considerably higher, especially in Government-controlled territory and especially in recent days, as the receipt of information from some locations where intense hostilities have been going on has been delayed and many reports are still pending corroboration. This concerns, for example, Iziurm (Kharkiv region), and Mariupol and Volnovakha (Donetsk region) where there are allegations of hundreds of civilian casualties. These figures are being further corroborated and are not included in the above statistics.

OHCHR notes the report of the Prosecutor General's Office of Ukraine, according to which as of 10 a.m. (local time) 12 March, 79 children had been killed and more than 100 injured. OHCHR also notes the report of the Head of the Investigative Department of the National Police of Kharkiv Region, according to which as of 6 p.m. (local time) 11 March, 201 civilians had been killed in the region.

An increase in figures in this update compared with the previous update (as of 24:00 midnight on 10 March 2022 local time) should not be attributed to civilian casualties that occurred on 11 March only, as during the day OHCHR also corroborated casualties that occurred on previous days.

[The UN Human Rights Monitoring Mission in Ukraine](#)

Since 2014, OHCHR has been documenting civilian casualties in Ukraine. Reports are based on information that the UN Human Rights Monitoring Mission in Ukraine (HRMMU) collected through interviews with victims and their relatives; witnesses; analysis of corroborating material confidentially shared with HRMMU; official records; open-source documents, photo and video materials; forensic records and reports; criminal investigation materials; court documents; reports by international and national non-governmental organisations; public reports by law enforcement and military actors; data from medical facilities and local authorities. All sources and information are assessed for their relevance and credibility and cross-checked against other information. In some instances, corroboration may take time. This may mean that conclusions on civilian casualties may be revised as more information becomes available and numbers may change as new information emerges over time.

Since 24 February 2022, in the context of the Russian Federation's military action in Ukraine, HRMMU has been unable to visit places of incidents and interview victims and witnesses there. All other sources of information have been extensively used, including HRMMU contact persons and partners in places where civilian casualties occurred. Statistics presented in the current update are based on individual civilian casualty records where the "reasonable grounds to believe" standard of proof was met, namely where, based on a body of verified information, an ordinarily prudent observer would have reasonable grounds to believe that the casualty took place as described.

ENDS

Ukrainian and Russian language versions of this update as they become available, please visit [this page](#).

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